Coaches as part of the eHighway system: State of research and development



Indo-German Workshop on Innovative Charging Technologies for Heavy Duty Vehicles Kristin Follmann, Technische Universität Darmstadt, Germany





Research area: Frankfurt – Darmstadt



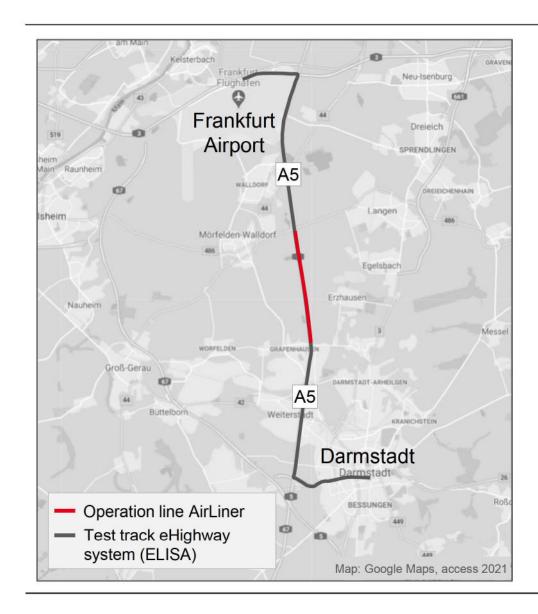


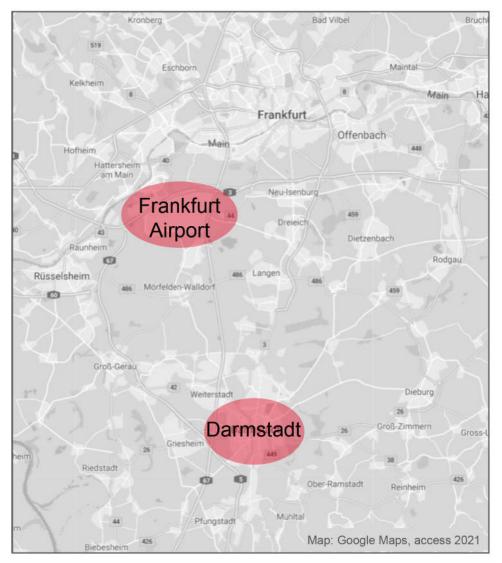




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Motivation and Research Scope



Motivation

- Improving the quality of life by electrifying vehicles in inner city areas
- Identifying further user groups of the eHighway system
- Equipping the first bus for long-distance travel with a pantograph system



Research Scope

- Feasibility of equipping a coach with required components
- Feasibility from a legal point of view to operate a coach on the eHighway system
- Simulation of an existing bus line schedule, the AirLiner





Methodology and Research Questions

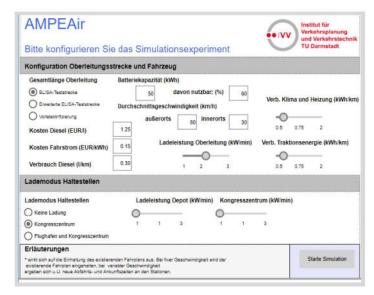


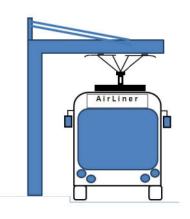
Methodology

- Identifying a reference bus based on operational and technical requirements
- Identifying an additional charging location
- Simulation of an existing bus line schedule from the Airliner to derive the necessary technical requirements
- Derivation of simulation scenarios

Basic assumptions

- Vehicle switches to an electric operation mode when entering the city center of Darmstadt or the airport area (Entry → electric, Exit→ diesel)
- Speed while using the catenary system: 80 km/h
- Vehicles operating per day: 3 busses





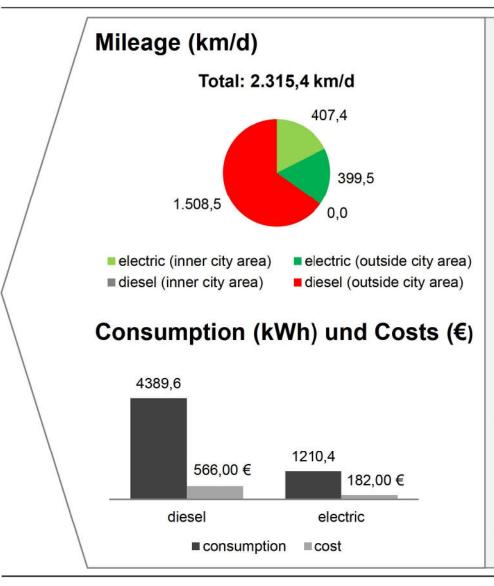


Pictures: Abschlussbericht AMPEAir, 2019



Results Scenario 1: Base Case





Parameters

Charging power surplus loading station
 Charging power surplus test track
 City borders
 Time under catenary
 Battery capacity (gross/ net)
 120 kW/h
 fixed
 3,8 min
 50/30 kWh

Consuption rate

Air-conditioning/ heatingTraction0,75 kWh/km0.75 kWh/km

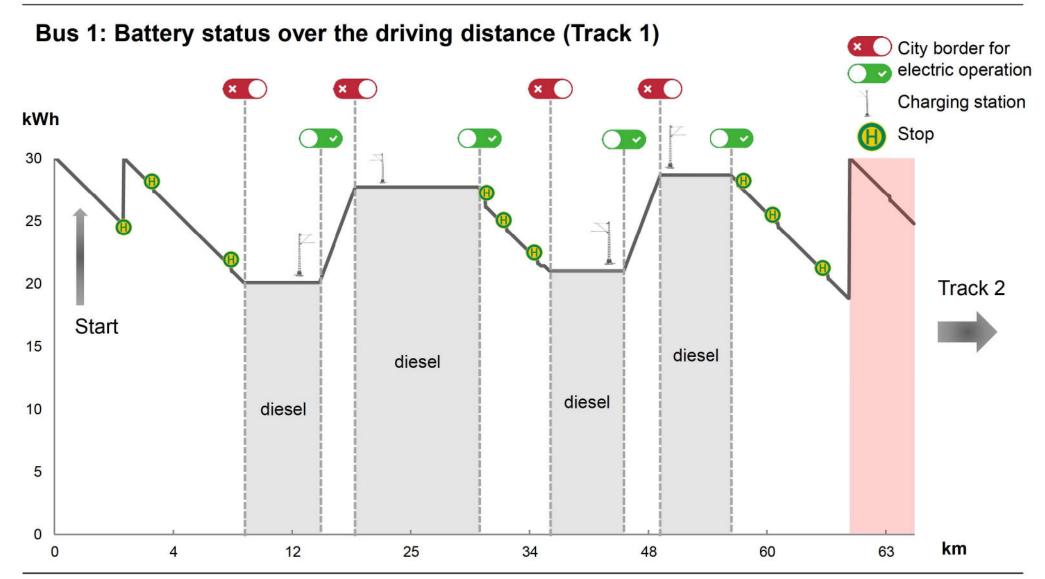
Results

- For the base case scenario an electric operation of the coach in the city center of Darmstadt and at the airport in both directions is possible
- No diesel operation within the city centre of Darmstadt
- The battery capacity and the charging power are sufficient to operate the busses fully electric within the necessary areas
- The unexploited capacity seems to be adequate
- Existing potential to reduce fuel costs



Results Scenario 1: Base Case

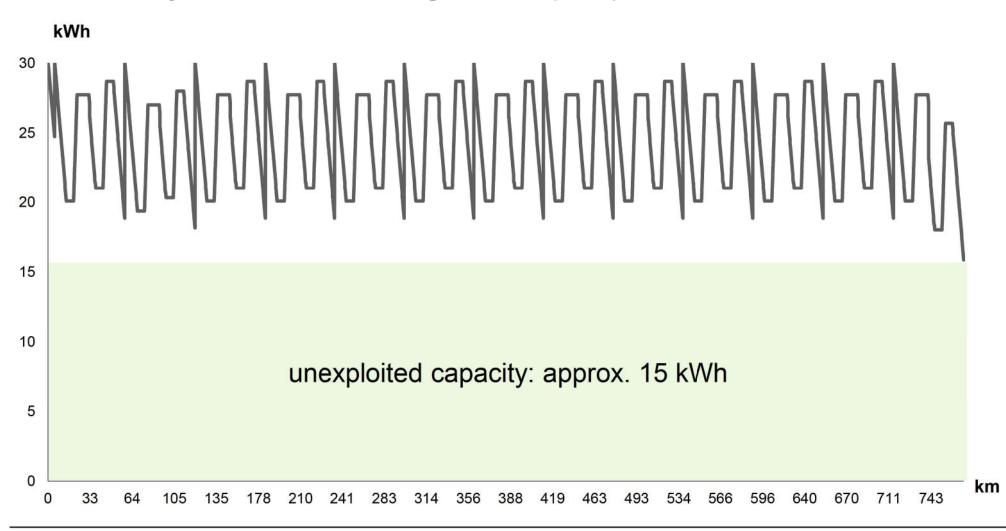




Results Scenario 1: Base Case



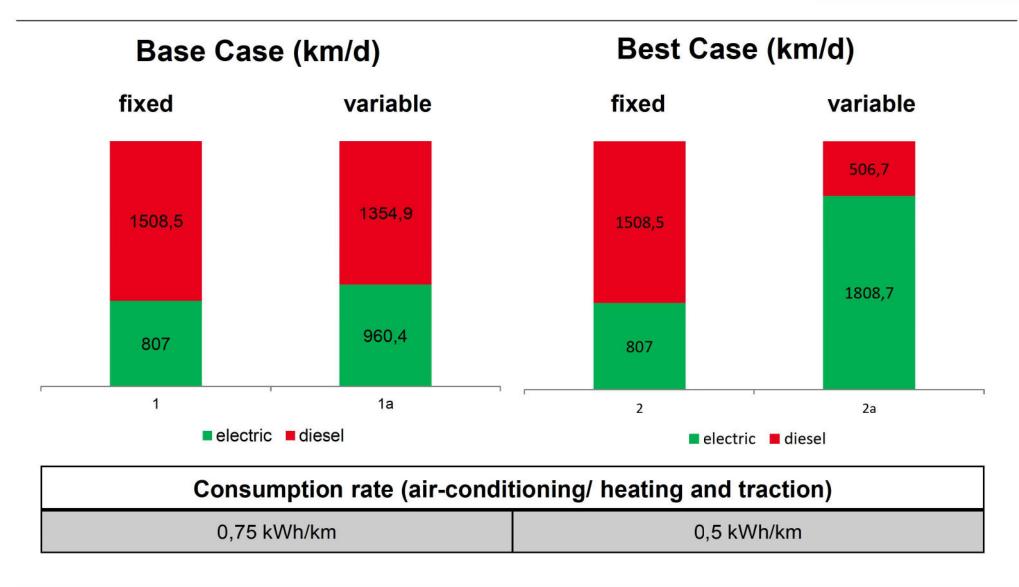
Bus 1: Battery status over the driving distance (Total)





Results Comparison of fixed and variable city borders







Final Remarks



Conclusion

- For the base case scenario a partially electric operation of the Airliner within the city center and at the airport is possible with an adequate battery buffer.
- For the best case scenario an operation of the Airliner with a relatively small battery is possible in the inner city area.

Further analysis

- Simulation results only apply within limits of the made assumptions and the parameter value intervals.
- Delays should be analyzed and considered as a stochastic element in the simulation.
- Pilot study for testing the Airliner operation under realistic conditions.





Final Remarks











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